ATUL NIVESH LIMITED

Directors' Report

Dear Members,

The Board of Directors (Board) presents the Annual Report of Atul Nivesh Ltd together with the audited Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022.

01. Financial results

		(
	2021-22	2020-21
Revenue from operations	-	-
Other income	25,32,942	21,46,809
Total revenue	25,35,942	21,46,809
Profit before tax	25,24,123	21,34,841
Тах	6,16,280	5,14,639
Profit for the year	19,07,844	16,20,202

02. Performance

The Company does not have any operational income. The other income generated during the year is mainly attributable to the interest earned from investments and loans of the Company.

03. Dividend

The Board does not recommend any dividend on the equity shares for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 to conserve resources.

04. Conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo

Information required under Section 134 (3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, forms a part of this Report which is given as the Annexure.

- 05. Insurance The Company has taken adequate insurance policies.
- 06. Risk Management The Company has identified risks and has initiated a mitigation plan for the same.

07. Internal Financial Controls

The Management assessed the effectiveness of the Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting as of March 31, 2022, and the Board believes that the controls are adequate.

08. Fixed deposits

During 2021-22, the Company did not accept any fixed deposits.

09. Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace

Pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Rules, 2013, the Company framed a Policy on Prevention of Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace and constituted Internal Complaints Committee. No complaint was received during 2021-22.

(**∓**)

10. Loans, guarantees, investments and security During 2021-22, the Company did not give any loans, provide guarantees or make investments.

11. Subsidiary, associate and joint venture company

The Company does not have subsidiary, associate or joint venture entities.

12. Related Party Transactions

All the transactions entered into with the Related Parties were in ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. Details of such transactions are given at note number 11. No transactions were entered into by the Company which required disclosure in Form AOC-2.

13. Corporate Social Responsibility

The provision of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.

14. Annual Return

Annual Return for 2021-22 is available for inspection at the registered office of the Company for inspection.

15. Auditors

GR Parekh & Co., Chartered Accountants were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company at the 2^{nd} Annual General Meeting (AGM) until the conclusion of the 7th AGM.

The Auditors' Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark. The Report is enclosed with the Financial Statements.

16. Directors' responsibility statement

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Act, the Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge and belief:

- 16.1 In preparation of the financial statement for the financial year ended March 31, 2022, the applicable accounting standards were followed and there are no material departures.
- 16.2 The Accounting Policies were selected and applied consistently and judgements and estimates were made that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit and loss of the Company for that period.
- 16.3 Proper and sufficient care was taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- 16.4 The attached annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2022 were prepared on a going concern basis.
- 16.5 Adequate Internal Financial Controls to be followed by the Company were laid down; and same were adequate and operating effectively.
- 16.6 Proper systems were devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and the same were adequate and operating effectively.

17. Directors

17.1 Appointments | Reappointments | Cessations

- 17.1.1 According to the Articles of Association of the Company, Ms Swati Lalbhai retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for reappointment at the forthcoming AGM.
- 17.2 Policies on appointment and remuneration The Company will formulate policy on remuneration of Directors as and when it starts paying remuneration to the Directors. The Company appoints directors in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 18. Key Managerial Personnel and other employees The provision of section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- **19. Board Meetings and Secretarial standards** The Board met four times during 2021-22 Secretarial standards as applicable to the Company were followed and complied with.

20. Analysis of remuneration

There is no employee who falls within the criteria provided in Sections 134(3)(q) and 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

21. Acknowledgements

The Board expresses its sincere thanks to all the stakeholders, regulatory and Government authorities for their support.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Atul		
April 21, 2022	Director	Director

Annexure to the Directors' Report

- 1. Conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo
- 1.1 Conservation of energy
- 1.1.1 Measures taken nil
- 1.2 Technology absorption
 - No major steps were taken during the current year.
- 1.3 Total foreign exchange used and earned
 - nil

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of Atul Nivesh Limited Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements of Atul Nivesh Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS")") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and its profit, total comprehensive profit, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements.

Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors Report, but does not include the Standalone Financial Statement and our auditors report's thereon.

- Our opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.
- In connection with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, compare with the financial statements audited by us, to the extent it consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the Standalone Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.
- If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The respective Board of Directors of the Company and the designated Proprietor is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other Comprehensive Income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Standalone Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Standalone Financial Statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Standalone Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Standalone Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Standalone Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- b) Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- d) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Standalone Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Standalone Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- f) Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the Company to express an opinion on the Standalone Financial Statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities or business activities included in the Standalone Financial Statements of which we are the independent auditors.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the Standalone Financial Statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the Standalone Financial Statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit we report, to the extent applicable that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flow and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account.

- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Company as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its Standalone Financial Statements;
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. The Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from financial institutions, banks and government,
 - v. The Company has not declared or paid dividend during the year.
- 2. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 131167W)

> (G R Parekh) Proprietor (Membership No. 030530) UDIN:

Place: Atul Date: 21 April 2022

ANNEXURE "A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under "Report on Other legal and regulatory requirements" Section of our report of even date

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting of Atul Nivesh Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the Standalone Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining Internal Financial Controls based on the internal controls over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate Internal Financial Controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and the Standards on auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the Auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting of the Company.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Internal financial control over financial reporting of the Company includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the assets of the Company that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal Financial Controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the Internal Financial Control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate Internal Financial Controls system over financial reporting and such Internal Financial Controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 131167W)

> (G R Parekh) Proprietor (Membership No. 030530) UDIN:

Place: Atul Date: 21 April 2022

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 2 under "Report on Other legal and regulatory requirements" section of our report of even date. In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief:

- (i) The company does not have any fixed assets and hence reporting under clause (i)(a to d) of the CARO 2020 is not applicable.
- (ii) The Company does not have any inventory and hence reporting under clause (ii)(a and b) of the CARO 2020 is not applicable.
- (iii) The Company has not made any investments in, provided guarantee or security and granted loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties during the year.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us, The Company has not accepted any deposit or amounts which are deemed to be deposits. Hence, reporting under clause (v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) The maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (vii) According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory dues:
 - (a) The Company has been generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Incometax, Goods and Service Tax,Cess and other material statutory dues applicable to it to the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) There were no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Income-tax, Goods and Service Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues in arrears as at 31 March 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (c) There are no dues of Goods and Service Tax or of Income Tax as on 31 March 2022 on account of disputes which have not been deposited.
- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that were surrendered disclosed as income in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961) during the year.
- (ix) The Company has not taken any loans or borrowings from financial institutions, banks and government or has not issued any debentures. Hence reporting under clause (ix) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (a) The Company has not issued any of its securities (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause (x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

- (b) The Company has not made preferential allotment or private placement (retain as applicable) of shares during the year.
- (xi) (a) To the best of our knowledge, no fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) To the best of our knowledge, no report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - (c) As represented to us by the Management, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a)In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.

(b) We have considered, the internal audit reports issued to the Company during the year.

- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or directors of the holding, subsidiary or associate company or persons connected with them and hence provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause (xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, (Asset Liability Maturity (ALM) pattern) other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exist as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit

report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.

- (xx) The Company was not having net worth of rupees five hundred crore or more, or turnover of rupees one thousand crore or more or a net profit of rupees five crore or more during the immediately preceding financial year and hence, provisions of Section 135 of the Act are not applicable to the Company during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xx)(a) & (b) of the Order is not applicable for the year.
- (xxi) Since the company is not a holding company, no consolidated financial statements are prepared hence the reporting under clause (xxi) is not applicable.

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No. 131167W)

> (G R Parekh) Proprietor (Membership No. 030530) UDIN:

Place: Atul Date: 21 April 2022

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022

Particulars	Note	As at	As at
		March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
A ASSETS			
1 Current assets			
a) Financial assets			
i) Cash and cash equivalents	2	2,23,379	5,53,633
ii) Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	3	67,73,991	45,45,111
iii) Loans	4	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
b) Other current assets	5	7,979	-
Total current assets		3,20,05,349	3,00,98,744
Total assets		3,20,05,349	3,00,98,744
B EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
a) Equity share capital	6	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
b) Other equity		69,60,199	50,52,356
Total equity		3,19,60,199	3,00,52,356
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
i) Trade payables	7		
Total outstanding dues of			
a) Micro enterprises and small enterprises		-	-
b) Creditors other than micro enterprises and small			4E 1E0
enterprises		45,150	45,150
ii) Other financial liabilities		-	-
Current tax liabilities		-	1,238
Total current liabilities		45,150	46,388
Total liabilities		45,150	46,388
Total equity and liabilities		3,20,05,349	3,00,98,744

The accompanying Notes 1-12 form an integral part of the Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 131167W

G R Parekh **Proprietor** Membership Number: 030530

Director

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Company secretary

Director

Atul Nivesh Ltd

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022

	-	I I	(₹)
Particulars	Note	2021-22	2020-21
INCOME			
Other income	8	25,32,941	21,46,809
Total Income		25,32,941	21,46,809
EXPENSES			
Finance costs	9	_	972
Other expenses	10	8,818	10,996
Total expenses		8,818	11,968
Profit before tax		25,24,123	21,34,841
Current tax		6,16,280	5,14,639
Defferred tax		_	-
Total tax expense		6,16,280	5,14,639
Profit for the year		19,07,843	16,20,202
Basic and diluted earning ₹ per equity share of ₹10 each		0.76	0.65

The accompanying Notes 1-12 form an integral part of the Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Firm Registration Number: 131167W

G R Parekh Proprietor Membership Number: 030530

Company secretary

Atul April 21, 2022

Atul April 21, 2022

Director

/∓)

Director

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Atul Nivesh Ltd

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2022

A. Equity share capital

		(*)
Particulars	Note	Amount
As at March 31, 2020		2,50,00,000
Changes in equity share capital		_
As at March 31, 2021		2,50,00,000
Changes in equity share capital		_
As at March 31, 2022		2,50,00,000

B. Other equity

Particulars	Retained	Total other
	earnings	equity
As at March 31, 2020	34,32,153	34,32,153
Profit for the year	16,20,202	16,20,202
As at March 31, 2021	50,52,356	50,52,356
Profit for the year	19,07,843	19,07,843
As at March 31, 2022	69,60,199	69,60,199

The accompanying Notes 1-12 form an integral part of the Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co. Firm Registration Number: 131167W

Membership Number: 030530

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Director

Company secretary

Atul April 21, 2022

G R Parekh Proprietor

> Atul April 21, 2022

_ -

(₹)

(₹)

Atul Nivesh Ltd Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2022

				(₹)
	Particulars		2021-22	2020-21
Α.	Cash flow from operating activities			
	Profit before tax		25,24,123	21,34,841
	Adjustments for:			
	Add:			
	Finance costs		-	972
			-	972
			25,24,123	21,35,813
	Less:			
	Dividend income			
	Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised cost		25,32,941	21,46,809
			25,32,941	21,46,809
	Operating profit before change in operating assets and liabilities		(8,818)	(10,996)
	Adjustments for:		(-,)	(;;
	(Increase) Decrease in other assets		(7,979)	3,845
	Increase (Decrease) in trade payables		-	(2,400)
	Increase (Decrease) in other financial liabilities		-	-
			(7,979)	1,445
	Cash generated from operations		(16,797)	(9,551)
	Less:		······	
	Income tax paid (net of refund)		6,16,280	5,14,639
	Net cash flow from operating activities	A	(6,33,077)	(5,24,190)
B.	Cash flow from investing activities			(0,2 ,,200)
	Repayments (Disbursements) of loans given (net)		-	_
	Redemption of (Investment in) bank deposits (net)		(22,30,118)	(14,87,130)
	Interest received on financial assets measured at amortised cost		25,32,941	21,46,809
	(Increase) Decrease in Investments			
	Net cash used in investing activities	В	3,02,824	6,59,679
C.	Cash flow from financing activities			
	Interest paid		-	(972)
	Net cash used in financing activities	С	-	(972)
		4+B+C	(3,30,253)	1,34,517
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		5,53,633	4,19,115
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		2,23,379	5,53,633

The accompanying Notes 1-12 form an integral part of the Financial Statements

In terms of our report attached

For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.

Firm Registration Number: 131167W

G R Parekh **Proprietor** Membership Number: 030530

Company secretary

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Director

Notes to the Financial Statements

Background

Atul Nivesh Ltd is a company limited by shares, incorporated and domiciled in India, Its registered office is located at East site, Atul, Valsad 396 020, Gujarat, India. The company is in the business of investments.

Note 1 Significant accounting policies

a) Statement of compliance

These standalone financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (referred to as "Ind AS") as prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as amended from time to time.

b) Basis of preparation

i) The Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

ii) The Standalone Financial Statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis.

iii) The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the Standalone Financial Statements. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the normal operating cycle of the Company and other criteria as set out in the Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

iv) Recent accounting pronouncements:

Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) notifies new standards or amendments to the existing standards. There is no such notification which would have been applicable from April 01, 2021.

b) Income tax:

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. Current tax is the tax payable on the taxable income of the current period based on the applicable income tax rates. Deferred income tax is recognised using the balance sheet approach. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible and taxable temporary differences arising between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. The Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

c) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, demand deposits with bank and other short-term (three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

d) Trade and other payables:

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months from the reporting date.

e) Investments and other financial assets:

Investments in subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture company :

Investments in subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture company are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in subsidiary companies, associate companies and joint venture company, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognised in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss.

f) Offsetting financial instruments:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the Standalone Balance Sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

g) Provisions:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. These are reviewed at each year end and reflect the best current estimate. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period.

h) Earnings per share:

Earnings per share (EPS) is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Earnings considered in ascertaining the EPS is the net profit for the period and any attributable tax thereto for the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted EPS, the net profit for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

i) Preliminary expenses

The preliminary expenses represents expenditure incurred for formation of the Company. The same were amortised over the period of two years.

Note 2 Cash and cash equivalents		As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
a)	Balances with banks		
	In current accounts	2,23,379	5,53,633
		2,23,379	5,53,633

			(₹)
Note	3 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	As at	As at
above	e	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
a)	Short-term bank deposit with original maturity between 3 to 12 months	67,73,991	45,45,111
		67,73,991	45,45,111

		(₹)	
Note 4 Loans - Current	As at	As at	
Note 4 Eballs - Cultent	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Loan to Atul Bioscience Limited	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000	
	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000	

		(₹)	
Note E. Other ourrent genete	As at	As at	
Note 5 Other current assets	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
i) Tax paid in advance, net of provisions	7,979	(1,238)	
	7,979	(1,238)	

(₹)

(₹)

		(₹)
Note & Equity chara canital	As at	As at
Note 6 Equity share capital	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021
Authorised		
25,00,000 (March 31, 2020 : 25,00,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
Issued		
25,00,000 (March 31, 2020 : 25,00,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
Subscribed		
25,00,000 (March 31, 2020 : 25,00,000) equity shares of ₹ 10 each	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000

Movement in equity share capital a)

(₹)

Particulars	Number of shares	Equity share capital	
As at March 31, 2021	25,00,000	2,50,00,000	
Movement in equity share capital	-	-	
As at March 31, 2022	25,00,000	2,50,00,000	

Rights, preferences and restrictions: b)

The Company has one class of shares referred to as equity shares having a par value of ₹10 each. Equity shares:

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive any of the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts and preference shares, if any. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% of equity shares: C)

No	Name of the Shareholder	As at		As at	
		March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021	
		Holding %	Number of	Holding %	Number of
			shares		shares
1	Atul Finserv Ltd	100.00%	25,00,000	100.00%	25,00,000

		(₹)	
Note 7 Trade payables	As at	As at	
	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	
Creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	45,150	45,150	
	45,150	45,150	

							(₹)
No.	Particulars				As at		
		March 31, 2022					
		Not due	Less	1-2	2-3	More than 3	Total
			than 1	years	years	years	
			year				
1.	Others	-	45,150	-	-	-	45,150

te 8 Other income	2021-22	2020-21
Interest from others	25,32,942	21,45,609
Miscellaneous income	-	1,200
	25,32,942	21,46,809

		(₹)
Note 9 Finance costs	2021-22	2020-21
Interest on income tax	-	972
	-	972

te 10 Other expenses	2021-22	2020-21
Payments to the Statutory Auditors		
a) Audit fees	3,000	3,000
Miscellaneous expenses	5,818	7,996
	8,818	10,996

$\ensuremath{\textit{Notes}}$ to the Financial Statements

Note 11 Related party disclosures

Note 11 (A) Related party information

Name of the related party and nature of relationship

No.	Name of the related party	Description of relationship
	Atul Ltd	Holding company
01	Aaranyak Urmi Ltd	
02	Aasthan Dates Ltd	
03	Amal Ltd	
04	Amal Speciality Chemicals Ltd	
05	Anchor Adhesives Pvt Ltd	
06	Atul Aarogya Ltd	
07	Atul Ayurveda Ltd	
08	Atul Bioscience Ltd	
09	Atul Biospace Ltd	
10	Atul Brasil Quimicos Ltda	
11	Atul China Ltd	
12	Atul Clean Energy Ltd	
13	Atul Crop Care Ltd	
14	Atul Deutschland GmbH	
15	Atul Entertainment Ltd	
16	Atul Europe Ltd	
17	Atul Fin Resources Ltd	
18	Atul Finserv Ltd	
19	Atul Hospitality Ltd	
20	Atul Homecare Ltd	
21	Atul Healthcare Ltd	
22	Atul Infotech Pvt Ltd	Subsidiary companies of holding company
23	Atul Ireland Ltd	
24	Atul Lifescience Ltd	
25	Atul Middle East FZ-LLC	
26	Atul Natural Dyes Ltd	
27	Atul Natural Foods Ltd	
28	Atul Paints Ltd	
29	Atul Polymers Products Ltd	
30	Atul Products Ltd	
31	Atul Rajasthan Date Palms Ltd	
32	Atul Renewable Energy Ltd	
33	Atul (Retail) Brands Ltd	
34	Atul Seeds Ltd	
35	Atul USA Inc]
36	Biyaban Agri Ltd	
37	DPD Ltd	
38	Gujarat Synthwood Ltd ¹	
39	Jayati Infrastructure Ltd	
40	Osia Dairy Ltd	
41	Osia Infrastructure Ltd	
42	Raja Dates Ltd	
43	Sehat Foods Ltd	
	Other related parties with whom transactions have taken place during the year	
44	Rudolf Atul Chemicals Ltd	Joint venture company of holding company
45	Anaven LLP	Joint operation of holding company

¹ Under liquidation

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 11 Related party disclosures (continued)

		(₹)
Note 11 (B) Transactions with subsidiary companies	2021-22	2020-21
Interest received on loan	22,50,000	18,30,822
Atul Bioscience Ltd	22,50,000	18,30,822
Reimbursement of expenses	-	600
Atul Infotech Pvt Ltd		600
Brand usage charges	590	1,000
Atul Ltd	590	1,000
Loan given	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
Atul Bioscience Ltd	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
Outstanding balances as at year end		
Loan receivables	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
Atul Bioscience Ltd	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
Payables	-	600
Atul Infotech Pvt Ltd	-	600

Note 12 Authorisation for issue of the Financial Statements

The Financial Statements were authorised for issue by the Board on April 21, 2022.

In terms of our report attached **For Ghanshyam Parekh & Co.** Firm Registration Number: 131167W Chartered Accountants

G R Parekh **Proprietor** Membership Number: 030530

Atul April 21, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Director

Director